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21 June 1960

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# CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE

# BULLETIN



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### CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

21 June 1960

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### DAILY BRIEF



USSR-Ethiopia: The Soviet Union, departing from its usual policy of not extending cash loans to nonbloc countries, has deposited in a New York bank \$2,000,000 to the account of the Ethiopian Government. The sum is to be debited against the Soviet \$100,000,000 line of credit previously extended to Addis Ababa. Moscow presumably hopes this gesture of good faith will prompt Ethiopia to utilize more fully and quickly Soviet and other bloc economic aid credits, use of which thus far has been handicapped by lack of effective Ethiopian cooperation in the planning stages. Page 1)

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### II. ASIA-AFRICA

Algeria-France: The decision of the Algerian rebel government to send a delegation to Paris to explore the possibility of cease-fire negotiations appears in part to have been influenced

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	25X1	by popular opinion in Tunisia and Morocco. The rebel leaders reportedly hope for agreement on some form of association between Algeria and France, to be ratified by referendum, but are believed skeptical of De Gaulle's ability to provide adequate guar-
		antees concerning the administration of any referendum. De Gaulle is unlikely to recognize the rebels as the sole spokesmen for Al-
		geria's Moslems and probably will not depart radically from his plan for a self-determination referendum.
		(Page 3)
25 <b>X6</b>		III. THE WEST
	10 a n n	Austria-Italy: A vigorous newspaper campaign being waged in Austria to detach the South Tirol from Italy is likely to bring to a
		head the Vienna-Rome dispute over the territory and increases the likelihood that the issue will be brought to one of the UN agencies.
	NO	Austrian authorities have apparently approved the campaign in the be- lief it will support their demand for full regional autonomy for the
	•	South Tirol within the framework of the Italian constitution—a demand unacceptable to Rome.
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DAILY BRIEF

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21 June 60

### Moscow Extends Cash Loan to Ethiopia

The Soviet Union, in a rare departure from its usual policy of not extending cash loans to nonbloce countries, has deposited in a New York bank \$2,000,000 to the account of the Ethopian Government. The loan is to be debited against the Soviet \$100,000,000 line of credit agreed on in 1959, and is the first cash loan extended by Moscow through its economic aid program to an Afro-Asian or Latin American country.

Although it is not known to what use the loan will be put, the fact that the deposit was made in a US bank would tend to suggest that Addis Ababa is considering purchases with these funds in the US or some other hard-currency country. The loan conceivably may be used to purchase agricultural equipment for the Emperor's land reform grogram.

Use of bloc credits thus far has been handicapped by lack of effective Ethiopian cooperation in the planning stages. An estimated 40 percent of the Soviet credit has been committed in principle for an oil refinery, a gold-ore processing plant, geological surveys, and a feasibility study for a metallurgical complex. No portion of the Czech \$10,000,000 credit has yet been obligated. Moscow presumably hopes the recent loan—as a gesture of good faith—will encourage Ethiopia to utilize Soviet and other bloc economic aid credits more fully and rapidly. In addition, Moscow, which may plan economic overtures to Somalia, may intend the loan to minimize Ethiopian reaction

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# Algerian Rebels Accept French Invitation to Cease-Fire Negotiations

The decision of the rebel Algerian Provisional Government to send a delegation to Paris for cease-fire negotiations has revived hopes for a settlement of the rebellion--now in its sixth year--even though prospects for an early settlement are slight. The statement by rebel Premier Ferhat Abbas on 20 June characterized De Gaulle's invitation as representing "some progress in relation to his earlier positions," but still "far removed" from the rebel position. Despite their misgivings, the rebels remain committed to a negotiated settlement, and have been under pressure from Morocco and Tunisia to meet with De Gaulle.

Publicly the rebels continue to demand full independence. Their doubts concerning De Gaulle's ability to assure a free choice in an Algerian referendum, however, may lead them to explore the possibility of agreement on an "association" relationship with France. Certain rebel leaders reportedly envisage a bilateral agreement concerning some form of association, to be ratified by a referendum. De Gaulle is unlikely to recognize the rebels as the sole spokesmen for Algeria's Moslems, and to date has given no indication that he is willing to discuss matters other than the terms of a cease-fire. Despite their differences, both sides will probably strive to avoid an early breakdown in the talks.

In any negotiations, the rebels will be handicapped by
the need to placate their more intransigent military com-
manders, while De Gaulle's freedom of maneuver will con-
tinue to be limited by the far right. Tension reportedly has
mounted in Algiers following the rebel acceptance.

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### Austrian Agitation for South Tirolean Self-determination

An influential Austrian editor and publisher, long an ardent advocate of the South Tirol's cause, has started a campaign to detach the area from Italy. On 15 June, all three of his newspapers prominently featured the results of an opinion survey conducted by a West German polling organization reputedly showing that 82 percent of the German-speaking population in the South Tirol favored its return to Austria, that only 7 percent favored its retention by Italy, and that 26 percent would support compatriots "resorting to force." In a subsequent conversation with an American Embassy official in Vienna, the publisher "as much as admitted" that his objective is self-determination for the South Tirol and its return to Austria.

Embassy officials believe that Austrian authorities knew in advance and approved the editor's campaign, feeling it would support their present demand for full regional autonomy for the South Tirol under the Italian constitution. Vienna is expected to reiterate this demand in a letter from Chancellor Raab to Rome. The letter, which will probably declare further bilateral talks useless but may nevertheless propose a meeting of "confidential representatives" of both sides, is generally believed preparatory for an Austrian appeal of the issue to the UN General Assembly.

Rome's suspicions of Vienna's ultimate intentions will be deepened by this evidence of Austrian public support for self-determination. Officially, Vienna still bases its case on the 1946 agreement which confirmed Italian sovereignty over the South Tirol but gave cultural guarantees to the German-speaking population. Italy is not likely to grant the South Tirol even regional autonomy and will strongly oppose any attempt to set up a plebiscite. The Tambroni government has recently seemed inclined to propose that the issue be taken to the International Court in order to forestall an Austrian appeal to the UN Assembly.

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